



BROOKWAY & BELLWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA. Friday, Aug. 17, 1877.

OUR SOMNISES.

This week we place in our columns the names of the candidates selected by the people at the Delegate elections last Saturday.

The District Attorney the honor fell to Robert R. Little, Esq. of this place. His moral character and legal training fit him for the place, and give assurance to the people that the duties pertaining to the office will be faithfully performed.

Isiah Yeager, of Leontopolis, was selected as a candidate for Coroner. He was nominated to that office one year ago, but it was afterwards discovered that there was no vacancy. The nominee is well known, and popular throughout the County.

For County Surveyor the Convention selected Samuel Neffhard, of Centre. No better nomination could have been made, as Mr. Neffhard is an experienced Surveyor and a thorough gentleman.

SCHOOL BOOKS. It seems to us that there is one defect in the law regulating our common school system, and that is this: it leaves to the discretion of the directors of each school district the adoption of the text-books that shall be used in its schools.

More than a score and a half of years ago a great hub and spoke was raised about the minorities of the Southern negroes, and a great party determined that they should be free. To accomplish this end, it brought on a tremendous civil war.

THE CINCINNATI HORROR. DETAILS OF THE TERRIBLE AFFAIR—DIFFICULTY IN IDENTIFYING THE REMAINS. Full reports of the burning of Pesterling & Co's cigar box factory, by which six employees lost their lives, as gleaned from our Cincinnati exchanges show that the building was erected about a year ago, and as constructed was nothing but a man-trap.

Another shining light blown out. Mr. O. F. Ballard was a bright and shining light in our State Legislature—one of the Beecher-Howard kind—ignorant, glib, it is true, but Cameron to the core.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

This is the season of the year when the two parties of the Nation meet together in State Conventions and declare in platform made up of planks to suit the times, the principles of their political belief.

Isiah Yeager, of Leontopolis, was selected as a candidate for Coroner. He was nominated to that office one year ago, but it was afterwards discovered that there was no vacancy.

For County Surveyor the Convention selected Samuel Neffhard, of Centre. No better nomination could have been made, as Mr. Neffhard is an experienced Surveyor and a thorough gentleman.

SCHOOL BOOKS. It seems to us that there is one defect in the law regulating our common school system, and that is this: it leaves to the discretion of the directors of each school district the adoption of the text-books that shall be used in its schools.

More than a score and a half of years ago a great hub and spoke was raised about the minorities of the Southern negroes, and a great party determined that they should be free. To accomplish this end, it brought on a tremendous civil war.

THE CINCINNATI HORROR. DETAILS OF THE TERRIBLE AFFAIR—DIFFICULTY IN IDENTIFYING THE REMAINS. Full reports of the burning of Pesterling & Co's cigar box factory, by which six employees lost their lives, as gleaned from our Cincinnati exchanges show that the building was erected about a year ago, and as constructed was nothing but a man-trap.

Another shining light blown out. Mr. O. F. Ballard was a bright and shining light in our State Legislature—one of the Beecher-Howard kind—ignorant, glib, it is true, but Cameron to the core.

Another shining light blown out. Mr. O. F. Ballard was a bright and shining light in our State Legislature—one of the Beecher-Howard kind—ignorant, glib, it is true, but Cameron to the core.

Another shining light blown out. Mr. O. F. Ballard was a bright and shining light in our State Legislature—one of the Beecher-Howard kind—ignorant, glib, it is true, but Cameron to the core.

ANOTHER WAR WITH MEXICO.

From the following dispatches it would seem that we are rapidly drifting into a war with Mexico. Whether the outrage was committed by interested speculators, or by expectant soldiers and contractors, we cannot say; but it is evident that the troubles on the Rio Grande are increasing, and if continued will eventually result in a war between this country and Mexico.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Lieutenant General Sheridan forwards to the War Department from Chicago the following from General Ord, giving the official account of the recent capture of Mexican revolutionists and recapture of horses from a notorious ranch:

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses. He found very few arms. They were regularly organized companies under Valdez. Only two officers were captured. The others were absent at Laredo and San Antonio. A deputy United States marshal was with me. I hold the prisoners at the post for him.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

CHICAGO, August 8, 1877.—The following dispatch from General Ord is respectfully forwarded: Schofield, commanding Fort Dumont, telegraphs that he struck a party of Mexican revolutionists, and shortly after sunrise on the 6th inst., and took what was in it, namely, forty-four men and forty-three horses.

A Wanton Sacrifice.

Feelings of sorrow and indignation struggle for the mastery as we read of the terrible slaughter of General Gibbon's command—sorrow for the dead who fought so bravely, and bitter indignation at the wicked planks that sent these noble fellows to meet their death.

It is the story of the Custer massacre over again, without a redeeming feature and hardly a ray of comfort to lighten the sombre picture. General Terry set out on the campaign against Sitting Bull and met a powerful brave and strategic foe on a battleground of his own choosing. Custer's brave soul disdained thoughts of prudence and caution, and his life paid the penalty of his rashness.

The army had barely enough men left to get back to reinforcements. That General Howard's campaign against the Nez Percés and his any better ending was almost hoping against hope. Had he been conducting a Murphy temperance ralley his epistolical and despatching might have been less out of place. But he was pursuing the bravest and the strongest tribe of Indians in the country, through a region with which they were thoroughly familiar, his conformation such that one man might stand against a thousand.

It was entering on a campaign such as has balked the energies and defied the strategy of our ablest generals, and he spent his time telling the people in the East how skillfully General Howard was concentrating his forces, how he was driving Joseph, and how the capture of two of his wives was only a matter of time. At last he learns that Joseph is ready to surrender, and while he hastens to inform the War Department and an anxious public, the wily Indian chief is quietly planning the trap which has cost us two scores of our bravest men.

General Howard is primarily responsible for the sacrifice of these men. The soldiers who had won laurels on nobler fields only to lay them down on the prairies in a vain combat with savages, were lost because we had not a general in Howard's place. It was on Wednesday that Gibbon's force attacked the main body of the Indians. Howard, with the main body of the army, was far to the rear when a courier left on Friday. General Howard must answer for moving in this straggling way. Then General Gibbon must render an account for the foolhardiness which led him to risk the attack that he did with reinforcements almost two days march in the rear, assailing a force quite as great as his own in a camp with natural defenses and a well-grounded chosen by the enemy.

The department commander informs your correspondent that he considers the too serious a matter for the acting local commanders upon our border to manipulate, and hence he has referred it to the state and general government authorities. General Ord has communicated with General Trevino.

The following is a copy of the letter: The attack on the jail at Rio Grande City, the liberation of two prisoners and the subsequent wounding of four soldiers, are the result of a party of outlaws from Mexico, which it pertains more to the civil than to the military authorities, and is unfortunately distributed to the general public, and in which you and I were so unfortunately introduced. I hope the authorities of Texas will be able to punish the offenders and restore the released prisoners. Under the circumstances it will be very difficult to convince the people of the United States that they are not in sympathy with the outlaws or powerless to prevent such incursions.

What is the Difference? In another column of the Watchman we republish an account of the valiant (?) man in which our Governor and his troops "forced their way to Pittsburg." It will be observed that the bravest part of the work, as given by the correspondent, was the hunting up "recess which he procured only after placing revolvers at their heads and ordering them under penalty of death to get on the locomotives." Now, what we would like to know is, where the difference is between a striker who, with a revolver in his hand, prevents a brother workman from doing his duty, and a State official with a revolver in his hand, forcing men under penalty of death to work for wages they deem insufficient? The one is as clear a violation of law and justice as the other, and each are alike guilty of riot, if that kind of work constitutes riot.

It is certainly a sad commentary upon the condition of affairs in this Commonwealth to see the Governor, with the militia at his back, threatening to shoot men because they refuse to work at the wages the corporations of the State see proper to offer.

The Luzerne Train.

A diabolical scheme was made in Scranton on Wednesday night last week at about 9 o'clock, to surrender six of the Mayor's late posse into the hands of the mob upon a writ of commitment. Carriages were provided and the mob assembled at Taylorville, but their plan was thwarted by the prompt action of the military, which took possession of the posse, delivering them up to the Sheriff at Wilkesbarre. General Haddock's action in this matter was based upon the fact of statement made by several of the Mayor's deputies that the posse when arrested would be taken in wagons to Wilkesbarre, and it was also stated that they would never be released there. "It is beyond all doubt," writes a correspondent of the Press, "that it was the intention of the friends of the rioters, and you may call all the strikers their friends now, to have taken the gentlemen away from the constables during the night, and either to hang or shoot them. This thing, however, was frustrated by the prompt action of General Haddock. The same correspondent adds: "Mayor McKim says that the action of the jury was no surprise to him, but that there could and would not be any reasonable doubt of its verdict being so, as he himself gave the order for the posse to fire, and that he, in his official capacity, is entirely responsible for the action of the posse, and the rioters alone are to blame for the killing of their friends. Warrants are out for the arrest of the following gentlemen who were only concerned in the posse: W. W. Scranton, Wm. Keish, William Dickinson, A. E. Hunt, Colonel Frank L. Hitchcock, J. H. Linden, W. Patterson, Lewis Bortess, Daniel Bartholomew, T. F. Hunt, E. A. Kingsley, J. F. Fuller, G. A. Fuller, R. P. Lynde, Charles Burr, Jeff. Roessler, E. T. Higginbotham, C. F. Chittenden, Ezra Rappaport, George Thropp, John Stanton, A. Knapp, Dr. Smith and one or two others. These gentlemen are all men of standing, and for this reason appear to have incurred the most bitter hatred of the strikers. W. W. Scranton, the superintendent of the Coal and Iron Company, who was in command of the posse at the time of the riot is especially obnoxious to the strikers, and they would not hesitate to murder him if they had the opportunity. The military will have to be kept here for some time yet if the present state of feeling continues. The strikers won't work nor will they allow others to; and how they are to live much longer without it is a very serious question, as hundreds of them now are upon the verge of starvation. They must be fed some way, or there will be serious trouble in this region before many days.

Governor Hartranft went up on Wednesday with his staff and a body guard. His headquarters were in a place car, with engine attached, ready to start at short notice. The persons who were taken from the constable by Haddock's command were taken to Wilkesbarre before Judge Harding and allowed to enter bail in the sum of \$1,000 each for killing several of the mob.

The World gives the following as the reason why violence got the upper hand, in the judgment of that paper: "It seems to us that the temporary success of this abominable insurrectionary movement has been due, not to the weakness of the general government, but to the weakness of the state and municipal authorities. It is well that the general government should be strengthened and there can be no doubt that it will be. But the immediate duty of good citizens is at their own doors, for the inability of our local governments is at the root of the present disorder. It was primarily their duty to deal with the rioters, and had they been generally in a condition for prompt and vigorous action no general disturbance could have occurred. If West Virginia had been able to assert her authority at the beginning of the unlawful interference with the running of trains, it probably would have gone no further. Had the mayor of every municipality which has been threatened with disorder thrown himself into the front with all the organized force of the locality and called upon the citizens of the place to support him, we do not believe there is a town in the country in which rioters could have maintained control for twenty-four hours. Had the sheriffs of every county disturbed by disorderly strikers and the constables who followed in their wake called upon the community to aid him in enforcing the law and led the way in the task, no railroad would have been closed, no property destroyed. If our civilization is not a failure, the idle, the vicious, the lawless in every town and city must be a small minority, and in a minority easily controlled by the well-to-do intelligent and law-abiding elements, if only the latter are led by men and not by demagogues or figure-heads. In most of the cases where riot was imminent in old and well-governed municipalities it was suppressed; and where it raged unchecked the calamity may in most cases be traced to the weakness of the local authorities."

A Wild Man. Hughesville and vicinity have been in a state of excitement for a few days past, on account of the rumor that a wild man had been seen in the woods near that place. The report was not fully credited until Thursday morning, when the strange object was seen by the citizens of Hughesville in a corn field owned by Mr. Steck. The news spread like wild fire, and the excitement was terrible. Every able bodied man ran for his gun, and a company of thirty or forty men and boys, fully armed, was immediately formed, and started in pursuit of the object, resolved to solve the mystery. It is reported to be a very large man, entirely naked and very shy, running swiftly away when approached by any one. The searching party returned on Thursday, not having been successful in capturing the man, although several of the party claim to have seen it at some distance. It is probably some lunatic, who, to suit his mad fancy, has taken to the woods, there to end his wretched days. Another party start out immediately to see what they can do.—Monticure American.

Firing on an American Schooner by a Supposed Spanish Vessel. WASHINGTON, August 15.—The government has advised through a firm at Newburyport, Mass., of a communication from Captain Atkins, of the whaling schooner Edward Lee, of Provincetown, of which vessel, the firm detailing the affair as per owners, in which Atkins says that after cruising in the Caribbean sea he went to Cayron, the south side of Cuba, when on the first day after his arrival he was fired into by a gunboat. Captain Atkins represents that he was first fired into with ball and afterwards with grape-shot and bombshell, none of which however did any effect. The report has been referred from the state department to the Secretary of the Treasury, and Secretary Sherman has taken steps to ascertain the correctness of the report and the particulars of the affair. Though no intimation was given as to the nationality of the vessel perpetrating the outrage the presumption is that it was a Spanish vessel. Should undoubtedly be a subject of importation from the cabinet meeting next after official reports the character desired shall reach the treasury department.

How MUCH DID HE MAKE?—A sells a bale of cotton for \$50. He buys it back for \$45 and resells it for \$65. How much did he make by these transactions? The New York Sun says "exactly \$20," but we think the Sun is mistaken. Who wants to "sugar" on it?—Ee.

Thirty-seven claimants against Allegheny county for losses sustained by the recent riots have filed bills amounting to \$81,061.65.

James Watson, of Mendon, Luzerne county, is looking for a fencible who poisoned his seven cows.

Items.

The Russians have suffered a severe defeat in Bulgaria. Reinforcement are being forwarded rapidly to brace up their scattered army.

Judge Decker of Mauch Chunk has granted a new trial to O'Donnell, the Mollie Maguire convicted of the murder of Morgan Powell.

Campbell, the Carbonate murderer, who was to have been hung at Wilkes-Barre last Thursday, has for the second time been reprieved by the Governor. The reprieve was granted so that the after discovered evidence might be brought before the Board of Pardons.

The question of returning Sitting Bull and his followers to the jurisdiction of the United States is being considered, and the Canadian minister of the Interior is now in Washington in connection with that matter.

One of those arrested for selling liquor in Baltimore during the strike in violation of the Mayor's proclamation was a person who was formerly a member of the Legislature and is now a member of the City Council. He assisted to make the law under which he is sought to be punished, but he has probably got enough of what is called influence to save himself.

Some of those in Pittsburg who lost property in the rioters' fires on Sunday last have given notice to the County Commissioners that they have taken steps to have appraisers appointed to place a valuation on their property destroyed, preparatory to commencing suit against the county for damage.

At Columbus, Ohio, Gustavus Schweikard, Allen Dugan, Jacob Cook and Delora Baughman, farmers, whose ages range from twenty-two to forty-one, have been convicted for murder in the first degree in consequence of the fatal termination of injuries received at their hands, it is alleged, of Lewis Schiffer, also a farmer, in a fight at a picnic at Rocky Fort. The fight grew out of an old feud.

A terrible conflagration in Wisconsin last week started in the woods destroying several towns and villages. Where in the morning there was a thriving town, before many hours had passed there were no more than three houses left standing to mark the village site. Nothing was saved so far as to household possessions; the women and children barely escaping with their lives and the clothes they wore. In many instances these were so burned and torn as to be comparatively little service in the matter of protection. Large numbers of cattle and several families were burned.

Louis A. Godey, esq., the veteran and accomplished founder of Godey's Lady's Book has withdrawn from that publication, having sold the material and good will to a company to be known as Godey's Lady's Book Publishing Company. Mr. Godey conducted the magazine during a period of forty-seven years. He is now 73 years of age, and in infirm health.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$45 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—A fine watch and chain, guaranteed to keep time, for sale at a low price. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

\$2500—A large quantity of goods, including clothing, shoes, and household goods, for sale at a low price. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

OPIMUM—A large quantity of opium, for sale at a low price. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL View of Marriage!—A new book, published by A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. A. G. OLIN'S—A large quantity of goods, including clothing, shoes, and household goods, for sale at a low price. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Still Further Reduction in the Price of Paints, Oils, and Putty. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PURE LINED OIL—A large quantity of pure lined oil, for sale at a low price. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Best Paint Brushes, COACH VARNISH, HOUSE VARNISH, Furniture Varnish, SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE Seaside Library. Choice books for the new year. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A. G. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT-LAW.

Office in "Bentley Building," Bloomsburg, Pa., near Court House. For further information, apply to A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Lands for Sale. 160,000 ACRES IN SOUTHWEST MISSOURI. First class stock farms, excellent agricultural lands, and the best tobacco region in the West. Address: A. G. Smith, 117-119 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

OPRANS' COURT ALLE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE! In pursuance of an order of the Oprans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, to-wit: ALL THAT

123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House, with a large barn, together with other out-buildings, also a SMALL TENANT HOUSE, with out-buildings. There are also two Wells of water, one on the south side of the barn, and the remaining three on the north side of the barn. This is also upon the premises a Good Young Apple Orchard of about six acres. There is also a good water-power upon the premises. The greater part of the farm is situated in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on the west side of the town, and is bounded on the north by the lands of John W. White, Sr., on the east by lands of John H. Vandenberg, on the south by lands of D. R. Appeman and on the west by lands of John W. White, Sr. and John H. Vandenberg, and T. J. Vandenberg, containing 123 ACRES, and being the property of John H. Vandenberg, deceased, and on which is erected a two-story Dwelling House,